

Orbits and bichromatic bottleneck matchings of points in convex position

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Joint work with Miloš Stojaković

Geometric perfect matchings

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- ▶ Points
- ▶ Various planar objects

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- ▶ General position
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(Convex position, ...)

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- ▶ Minimize total sum of lengths
- ▶ Bottleneck (minimize the longest segment)

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- ▶ Monochromatic
- ▶ Bichromatic

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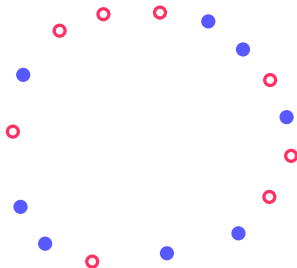
Extremal?

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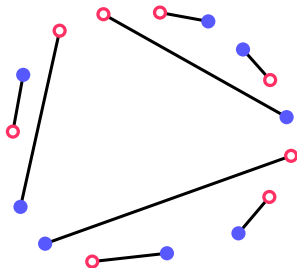
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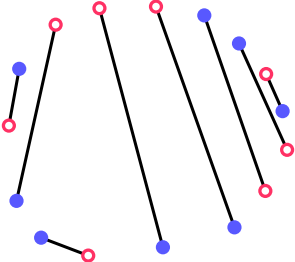
Bichromatic non-crossing matching, convex position



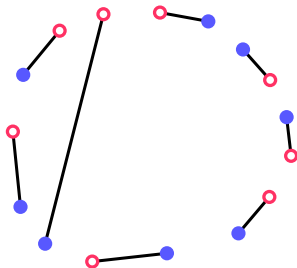
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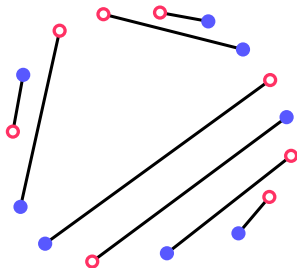
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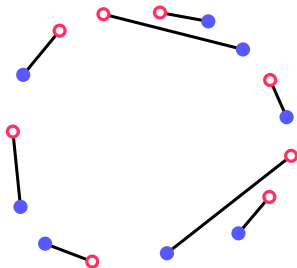
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Bottleneck

Results

Results

Monochromatic

- ▶ (2014 Abu-Affash, Carmi, Katz, Trablesi)
 - ▶ General position is NP-hard, no PTAS
 - ▶ Factor $2\sqrt{10}$ approximation algorithm
 - ▶ Convex position in $O(n^3)$
- ▶ (2015 Abu-Affash, Biniarz, Carmi, Maheshwari, Smid)
 - ▶ Large but not perfect matchings
- ▶ (2016 Savić, Stojaković)
 - ▶ Convex position in $O(n^2)$

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- ▶ (2010 Carlsson, Armbruster)
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- ▶ (2014 Biniarz, Maheshwari, Smid)
 - ▶ Convex position in $O(n^3)$
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- ▶ (2018+ Savić, Stojaković)
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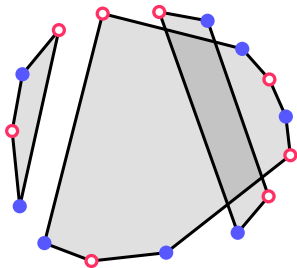
Orbits

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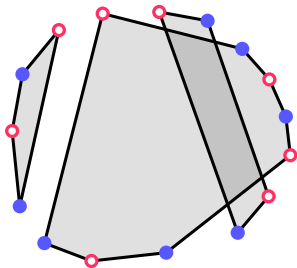
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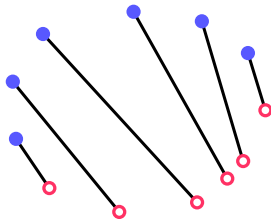
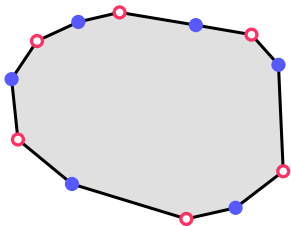
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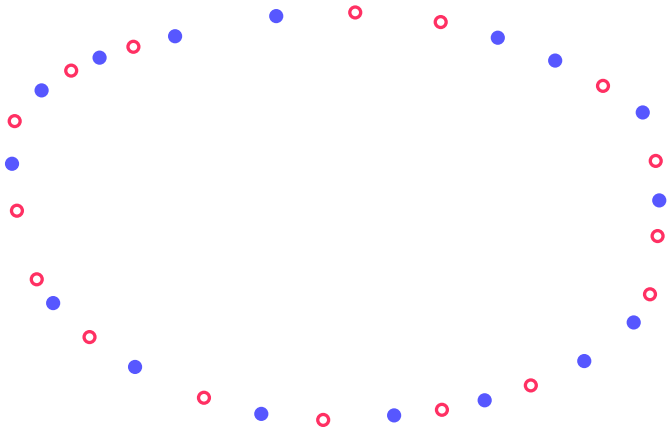


- ▶ Orbits can be computed in $O(n)$ time.

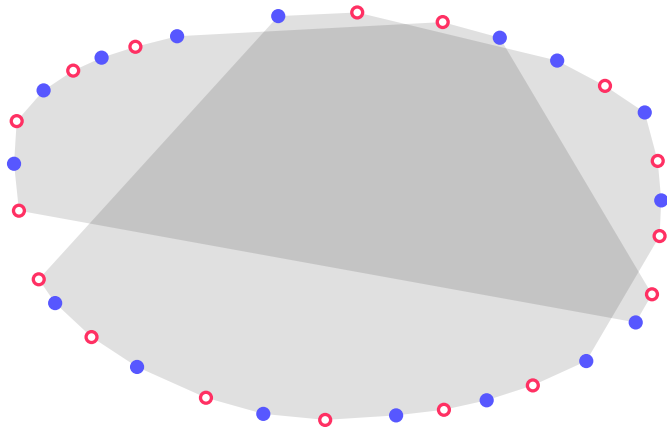
Orbits - examples



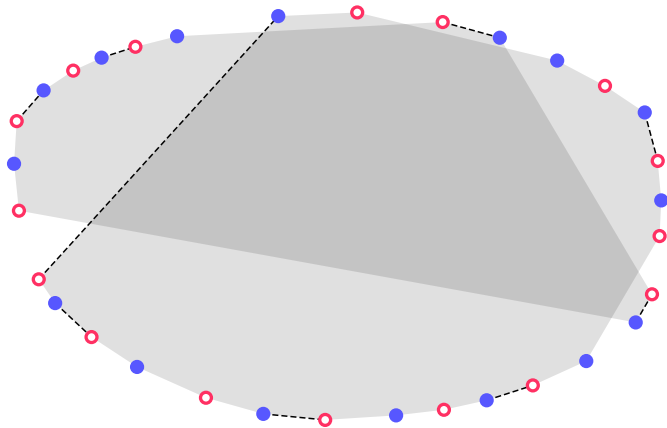
Orbits - edges, diagonals



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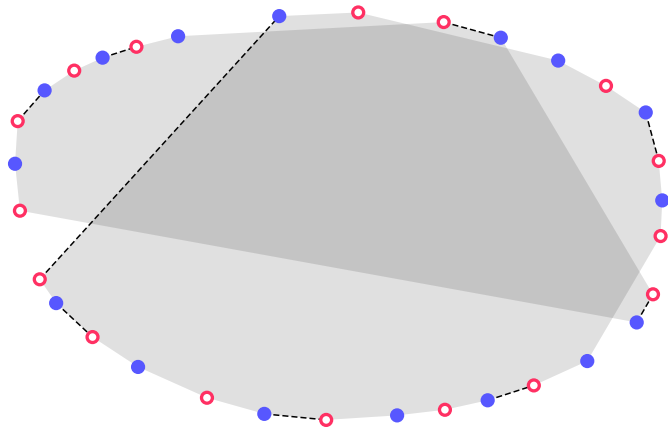


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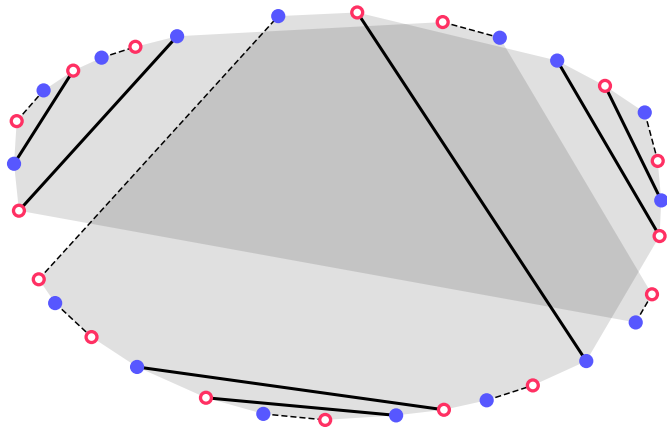
Edges

Orbits - edges, diagonals



Edges (red-blue, blue-red)

Orbits - edges, diagonals

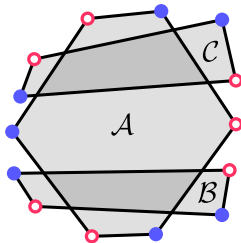


Diagonals

Orbits - properties

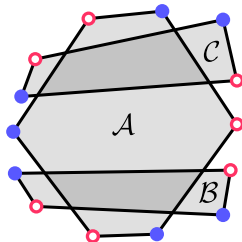
Orbits - properties

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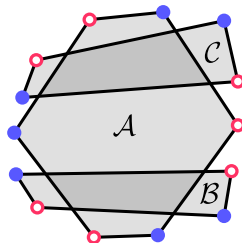
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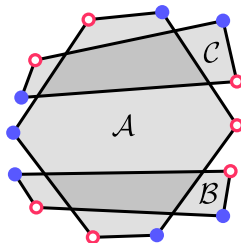


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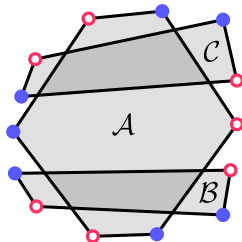


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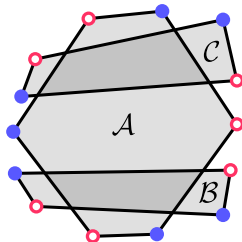


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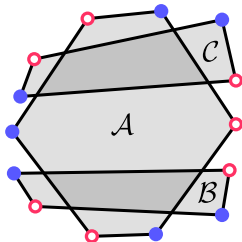


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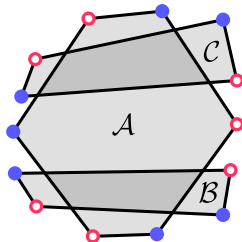


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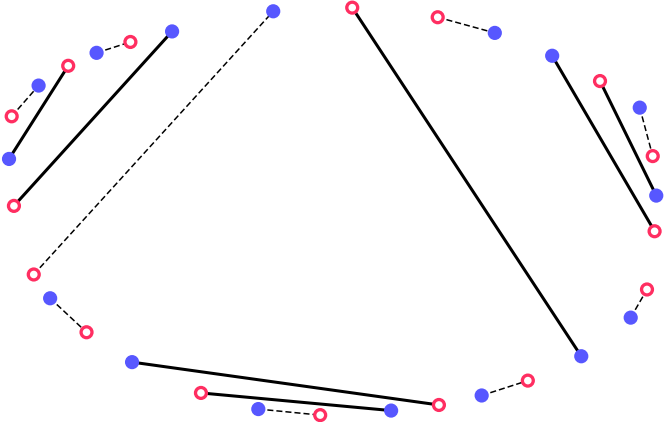


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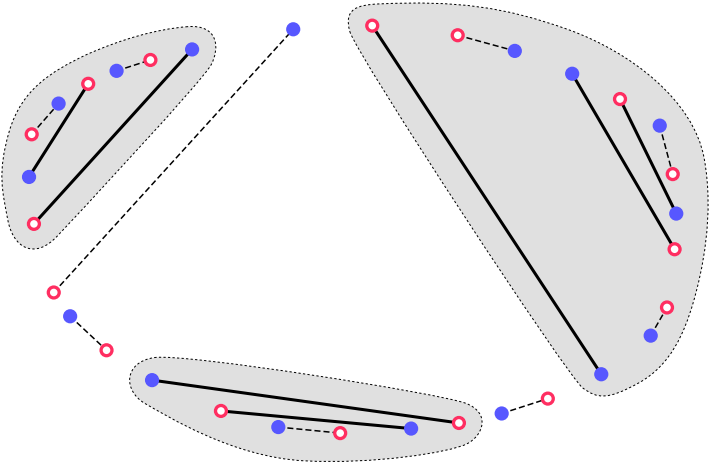
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- ▶ Total order and all Hamiltonian paths can be computed in $O(n)$ time.

BBNCM - cascades

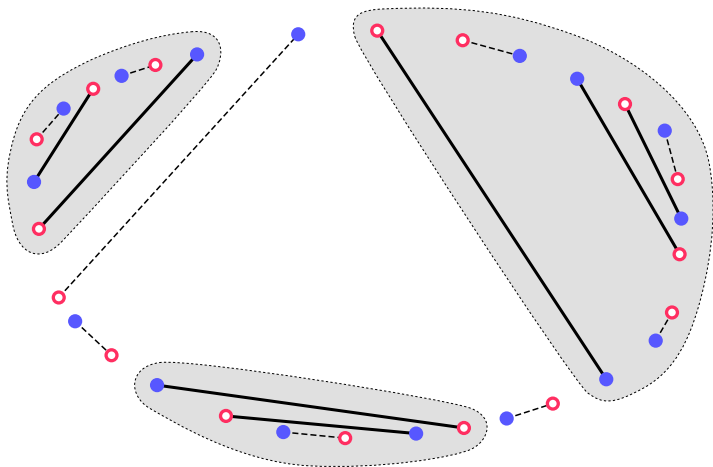
BBNCM - cascades



BBNCCM - cascades

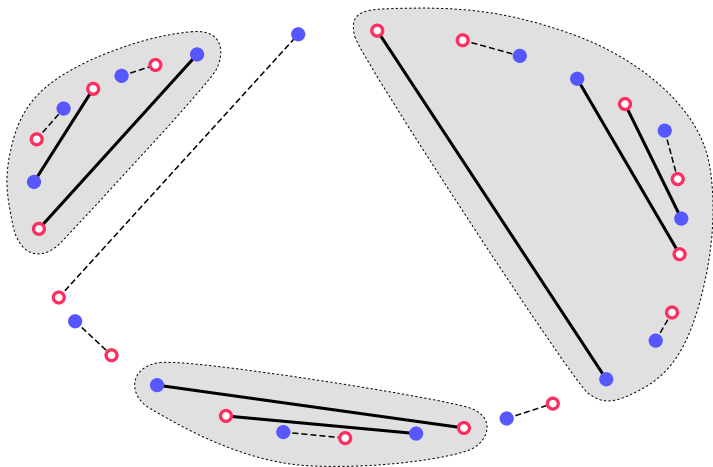


BBNCM - cascades



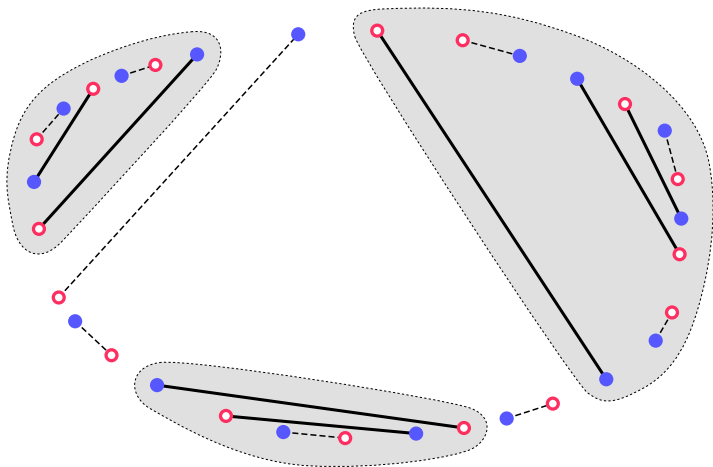
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- ▶ Subproblem: Find an optimal single-cascade matching in a subset of consecutive points.
 - ▶ All subproblems can be solved in $O(n^2)$ total time.

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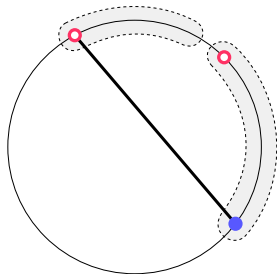
Circle

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- ▶ There is a bottleneck matching using edges only.

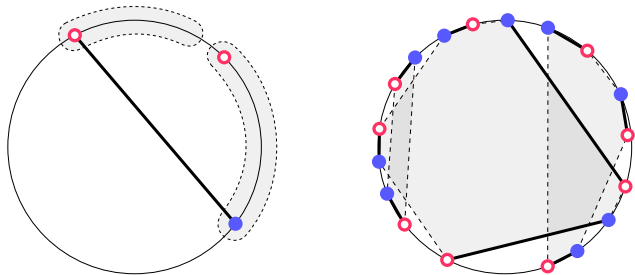
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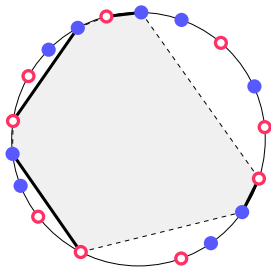
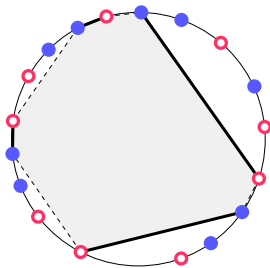
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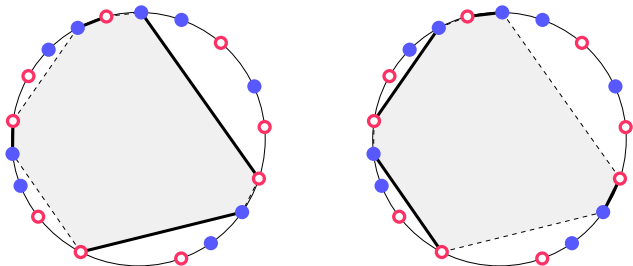
Circle

- ▶ Two ways to choose every second edge from an orbit



Circle

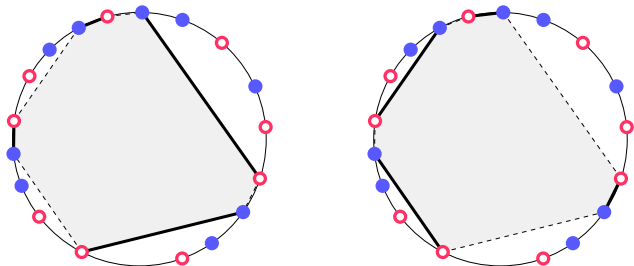
- ▶ Two ways to choose every second edge from an orbit



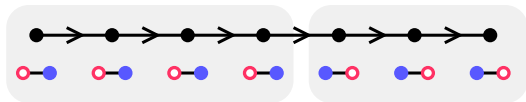
- ▶ If $(\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{B}) \in E(\mathcal{G})$ then we cannot choose blue-red edges from \mathcal{A} and red-blue edges from \mathcal{B} .

Circle

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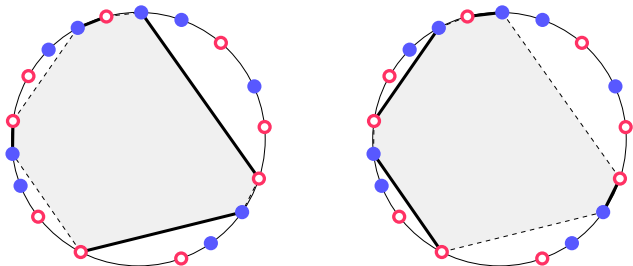


- ▶ If $(\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{B}) \in E(\mathcal{G})$ then we cannot choose blue-red edges from \mathcal{A} and red-blue edges from \mathcal{B} .
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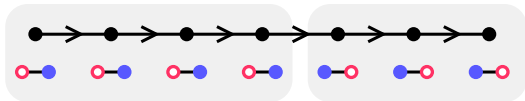


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- ▶ $O(n)$ time!

Thank you!